

The CS202*I-DMX-1SS is a high performance closed cycle cryostat for Optical, Electrical, and Magnetic sample testing. It has an all stainless steel vacuum shroud along with a welded stainless steel instrumentation skirt. The system is capable of vacuum levels of 10⁻⁷ Torr with an appropriate vacuum pump.

Applications

- Optical
- Raman
- UV, VIS, IR
- FTIF
- Electro & Photoluminescence
- Resistivity/Hall Probe Experiments
- Diamond Anvil Cell
- Magneto-Optical
- PITS / DLTS
- Thermal, Electrical and Magnetic Susceptibility
- Magneto Optical Kerr Effect (MOKE)

Features

- Cryogen Free, Low Power
- High Performance Stainless Steel Construction
- Large clear view optical windows (1.25 in)
- Large sample viewing angle for optical collection (F/0.8)
- Can operate in any orientation
- Fully customizable

Typical Configuration

- Cold head (DE-202AI)
- Compressor (ARS-2HW)
- 2 Helium Hoses
- Stainless Steel vacuum shroud with 5 window ports for optical and electrical measures (DMX
 -1SS)
- Nickel Plated OFHC radiation shield
- 2 High purity quartz windows
- Instrumentation for temperature measurement and control:

10 pin hermetic feed through

36 ohm thermofoil heater

Silicon diode sensor curve matched to ($\pm 0.5 \text{K}$) for control

Calibrated silicon diode sensor (± 12 mk) with 4 in. free length for accurate sample measurement.

Wiring for electrical experiments:

10 pin hermetic feed through

4 copper wires

- Sample holder for optical and electrical experiments
- Temperature Controller

Options and Upgrades

- 4K Coldhead (0.1W @ 4.2K)
- 5.5K Coldhead (1W @ 10K)
- 450K High Temperature Interface
- 800K High Temperature Interface
- Turbo upgrade for faster cooldown times
- Custom temperature sensor configuration (please contact our sales staff
- Custom wiring configurations (please contact our sales staff)
- Window material upgrades (custom materials available)
- Sample holder upgrades (custom sample holders available)



The above picture shows a cryocooler with a vacuum shroud, radiation shield, and sample holder installed.



The above picture shows a complete system (minus the vacuum pump and temperature controller)



Cooling Technology-

DE-202	Closed Cycle Cryocooler			
Refrigeration Type	Pneumatically Driven GM Cycle			
Liquid Cryogen Usage	None, Cryogen Free			

Temperature*-

	DE-202AI	< 10K - 350K				
DE-202PI		< 5.5K - 350K				
	DE-202SI	< 4.2K - 350K				
	With 800K Interface	(Base Temp + 2K) - 700K				
With 450K Interface		(Base Temp + 2K) - 450K				
	Stability	0.1K				
	*Based on bare cold head with a closed radiation shield, and no additional sources of experimental or parasitic heat load					

Sample Space -

Diameter	36 mm (1.44 in.)			
Height	39 mm (1.53 in.)			
Sample Holder Attach- ment	1/4 - 28 screw			
Sample Holder	www.arscryo.com/Products/ SampleHolders.html			

Optical Access-

Window Ports	5 - 90° Apart			
Diameter	41 mm (1.63 in)			
Clear View	32 mm (1.25 in)			
#/F	0.8			
Window Material	www.arscryo.com/Products/ WindowMaterials.html			

Temperature Instrumentation and Control - (Standard) -

Heater	36 ohm Thermofoil Heater anchored to the coldtip	
Control Sensor	Curve Matched Silicon Diode installed on the coldtip	
Sample Sensor	Calibrated Silicon Diode with free length wires	
Contact ARS for other options		

Instrumentation Access-

Instrumentation Skirt	Welded Stainless Steel
Pump out Port	1 - NW 25
Instrumentation Ports	2
Instrumentation Wiring	Contact sales staff for options

Vacuum Shroud -

Material	Stainless Steel
Length	338 mm (13.3 in)
Diameter	70 mm (2.75 in)
Width	70 mm (2.75 in)

Radiation Shield -

Material	Nickel Plated OFHC Copper			
Attachment	Threaded			
Optical Access	0, 2, or 4 (customer specified)			

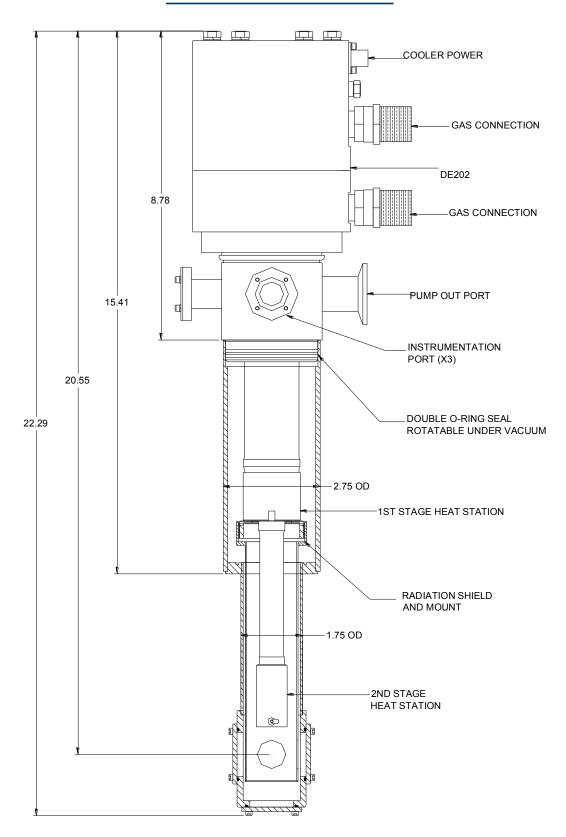
Cryostat Footprint -

Overall Length	566 mm (22.29 in)
Motor Housing Diameter	114 mm (4.5 in)
Rotational Clearance	200 mm (8 in) with "G" Configuration

Cryocooler Model		DE-202AI		DE-202A(T)I		DE-202PI		DE-202SI	
	Frequency	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz
Base Temperature		<9K	<9K	<9K	<9K	<5.5K	<5.5K	<4.2K	<4.2K
Cooling Capacity*	4.2K	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1W	0.08W
	10K	0.5W	0.4W	0.7W	0.56W	1W	0.8W	1.2W	1W
	20K	2.5W	2W	3.7W	3W	3.5W	2.8W	4W	3.2W
	77K	4W	3.2W	6W	4.8W	3.5W	2.8W	4W	3.2W
Radiation Shield Cooling Capacity		10W	8W	15W	12W	10W	8W	10W	8W
Cooldown Time	20K	50 min	60 min	35 min	42 min	60 min	72 min	60 min	72 min
	Base Temperature	70 min	84 min	50 min	60 min	90 min	108 min	90 min	108 min
Compressor Model		ARS-	2HW	ARS-	2HW	ARS-	2HW	ARS-	4HW
Typical Maintenance Cycle		12,000) hours	8,000	hours	12,000	hours	12,000	hours

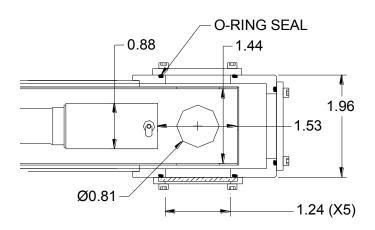


DE202*I-DMX-1SS Outline Drawing

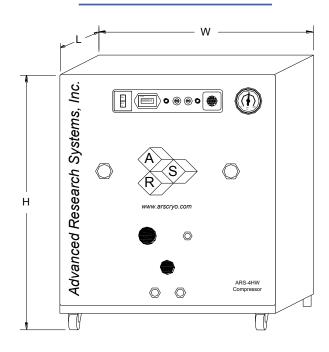




Sample Space



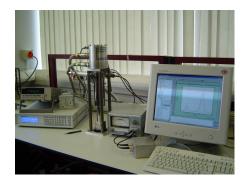
ARS-2HW/ARS-4HW Compressor



Compressor Model			ARS-2HW		ARS-4HW		
	Frequency	60 Hz 50 Hz		60 Hz	50 Hz		
Standard Voltage	Min	208 V 190 V 2		208 V	190 V		
	Max	230 V	210 V	230 V	210 V		
Transformer Options	10%		220 V, 230V		220 V, 230 V		
	15%		240 V		240 V		
Power Usage	Single Phase	1.3 kW	1.3 kW 1.2 kW		3.0 kW		
Refrigerant Gas		99.999% He	elium Gas, Pre-Charged	99.999% Helium Gas, Pre-Charged			
Noise Level		60 dBA		60 dBA			
Ambient Temperature		12 - 40 C (54—104 F)		12 - 40 C (54 - 104 F)			
Cooling Water	Consumption	1.5 L / min (5 L / min (0.4 Gal. / min)		2.3 L / min (0.6 Gal. / min)		
	Temperature	10 - 35 C (5	10 - 35 C (50—95 F)		10 - 35 C (50—95 F)		
	Connection	3/8 in. Swag	3/8 in. Swagelok Fitting		3/8 in. Swagelok Fitting		
Dimensions:	L	483 mm (19	483 mm (19 in)		483 mm (19 in)		
	W	434 mm (17	.1 in)	434 mm (17.1 in)			
	Н	516 mm (20.3 in)		516 mm (20.3 in)			
Weight		62 kg (137 lbs)		72 kg (160 lbs)			
Typical Maintenance Cycle		12,000 hours		12,000 hours			
Water Recirculation Option		CoolPac Compatible		CoolPac Compatible			



Optical Spectroscopy



Displex installed for spectroscopy.

Courtesy: Dr. M. Gad , Sheffield Hallam University



Displex installed on a spectrometer.

Courtesy: Mehmet Turken

FTIR



CS-202AI-DMX-1-2SS Designed for Bruker FTIR

Matrix Isolation



System set up for Matrix Isolation. Mixing chamber lower right. Expander and sample can be manually rotated with respect to the shroud and window. Clamped shroud stays stationary during sample rotation.

Courtesy: Dr. Mary Price, Dublin University.